Strengthening the Healthcare Workforce Pipeline

Workforce and Economic Development Team
Kentucky Council on Postsecondary Education



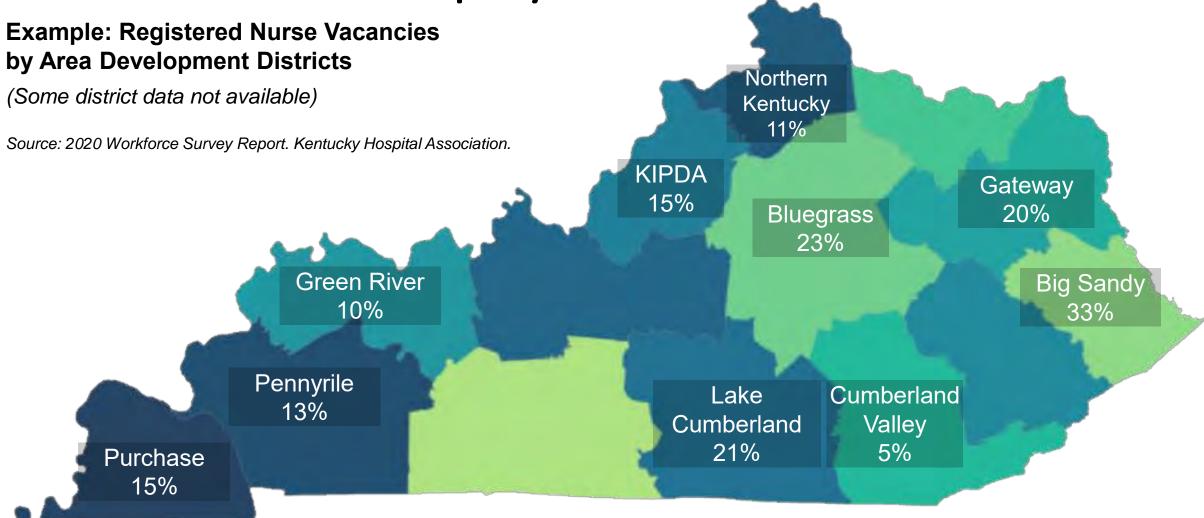


Data that Brings Us to the Problem

- 1) We have fewer KY students going to college
- 2) We have fewer KY adults returning to college
- 3) We've seen a steady decline in health-related enrollments
- 4) Many grads with high level credentials aren't staying in KY

Source: Research and Analytics Department at CPE and KYSTATS

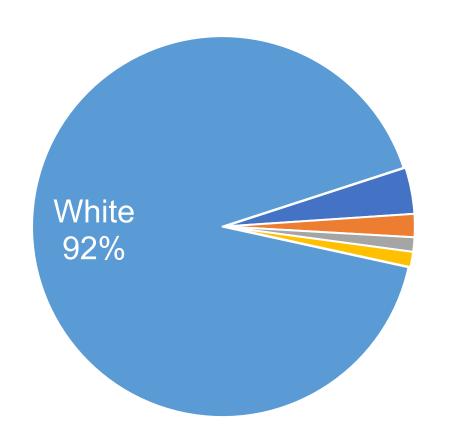
Effect on our employers



Our healthcare workforce doesn't reflect the population's diversity

Example: Diversity in Kentucky's Nursing Profession

Based on Currently Licensed Nurses in Kentucky



African American 4%
Asian 2%
Hispanic 1%

Other 1%

- Nine out of 10 of our nurses are white.
- When it comes to diversity representation, we have some disparities:
 - 4% of our nurses are black, compared to 8% of our population.
 - 1% of our nurses are Hispanic, compared to 5% of our population.
- Side note: 91% of Kentucky's licensed nurses are female.

Sources: Current Licensed Counts by County and Ethnicity. Kentucky Board of Nursing. July 2022. 2020 Census Data. State Report: Kentucky. U.S. Census Bureau.

And it is affecting our employees

Top Ranked Contributors to the Nursing Shortage in Kentucky Based on a Survey of Kentucky Nurses (Oct. 2021)

| Lack of sufficient nursing staff/heavy patient loads | 73% |
|--|-----|
| Not enough pay | 41% |
| Physical exhaustion | 26% |
| Fear of transmitting COVID to family/friends due to working as a nurse | 24% |
| Lack of support staff to alleviate non-nursing tasks | 22% |
| Lack of support for nurses from management/administration | 22% |

Source: Kentucky Nursing Association.

Continual demand, due to growth, requires more employees

Occupational Outlook

Anticipated Growth (2019-2029) for Select Healthcare Jobs

| Certificate Level | Associate Level | Bachelor's Level |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Surgical Technologists 10% | Radiology Technicians 9% | Medical/Clinical Lab Workers 9% |
| Health Technologists 11% | Respiratory Therapists 24% | Registered Nurses 10% |
| Medical Records Specialist 11% | Physical Therapist Assistants 34% | Exercise Physiologists 10% |
| Licensed Practical Nurses 11% | Occupational Therapist Assistants 40% | Dietitians 11% |

Source: Kentucky's Occupational Outlook. KYSTATS.

The Healthcare Workforce Collaborative (HWC)

The HWC is a targeted strategy designed to address the critical healthcare workforce crisis facing our state. It focuses on growing and strengthening the education and training pipeline.

Grants to Campuses

HWC Advisory Group

Grants to Campuses



Healthcare Partners



Clinical Opportunities



Wrap Around Services



Focus on Equitable Access



K12 and KCTCS Partnerships

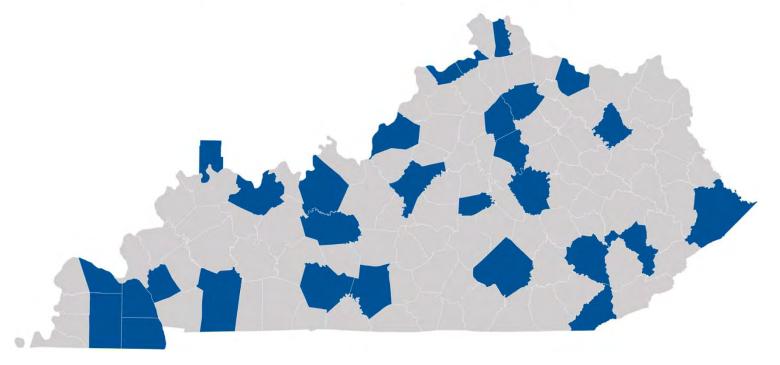
Advisory Group



The HWC Advisory Group is administered by CPE and is comprised of representatives from universities and colleges, members of the healthcare sector, and state leaders.

Healthcare Workforce Collaborative Institution Partners

Kentucky and Indiana Counties with Participating Healthcare Partners



Each institution named healthcare employer partners who provided skin in the game

48 healthcare organizations across Kentucky who contributed:

- money
- staff
- time
- equipment

Facilitating discussions that benefit everyone

Schools and Campuses

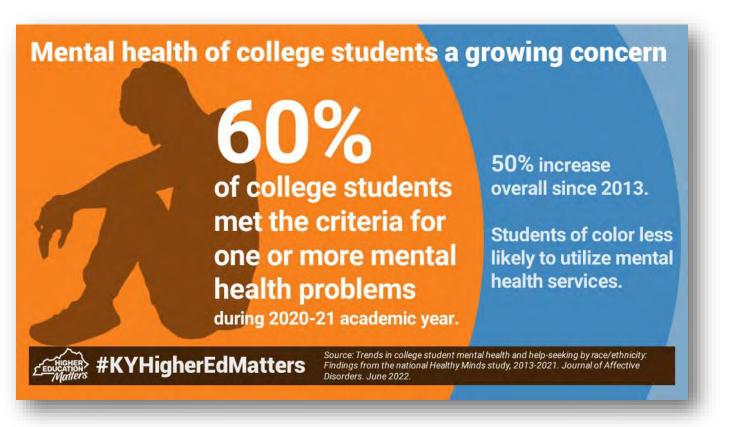
- Increasing early opportunities for students to learn about the profession.
- Improving advising that alerts students to the "realities" of the profession, rather than just the feel-good parts.
- Educating teachers and faculty on the latest trends, tools and resources that affect curriculum effectiveness.
- Creating partnerships between schools, campuses and healthcare organizations for the benefit of all.

Employers

- Increasing recruitment opportunities at multiple levels (K-12 campus), thus increasing likelihood of local employment.
- Expanding opportunities for hospital staff to learn from students, which is great for professional development of leadership and other staff management skillsets.
- Creating a network of professionals for hospitals to keep discussions regarding staffing, retention and management going.

Healthcare Workforce Collaborative

What's Next? Mental Health



Occupational growth to 2030:

- Clinical counseling and school psychologist: 9%
- Substance abuse, behavioral disorder, and mental health counselor: 26%
- Mental health and substance abuse social workers: 15%

Kentucky currently ranks 30th in mental health workforce availability.

More than half of the people with diagnosed mental illness did not receive treatment.

QUESTIONS???

Rick W. Smith, Sr., Associate VP for Workforce and Economic Development rick.smith@ky.gov
and
Leslie Sizemore, PhD, Senior Fellow, Workforce and Economic Development leslie.sizemore@ky.gov